

Arizona-4

Arizona Articulation and Phonology Scale, Fourth Revision

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Name/ID			Year	Month	Day	Dialect
Mia Simucase	N Contraction of the second	Date of testing*				.0
		Date of birth				
Gender	Grade					Examiner
		Chronological age**				
□ Male □ Female		*Date of Testing is admini **Do not round up				

SCORE SUMMARY Number of occurrences For each phonological error pattern, add column subtotals from pages 2, 3, and 4 Phonological error pattern Percentage of occurrence for all sounds (1-81) ÷12 = Syllable Reduction × 100 = % **Cluster Simplification** ÷ 11 = × 100 = % Initial Consonant Deletion 29 = × 100 = % **Final Consonant Deletion** ÷ 19 = × 100 = % Fronting ÷ 24 = × 100 = % Deaffrication ÷7= × 100 = % Stopping ÷ 22 = × 100 = % Gliding ÷ 12 = × 100 = % % Vowelization × 100 = ÷9= Prevocalic Voicing × 100 = % ÷13 = Postvocalic Devoicing × 100 = % ÷ 11 = Phonology raw score = (Add the number of occurrences of all phonological error patterns)

LEVEL OF PHONOLOGICAL IMPAIRMENT											
Standard score (SS)	Confidence interval □90% □95%	Percentile rank	Test-age equivalent	Severity range							
				 Within Normal Limits (SS of 86 or higher) Mild (SS of 79 to 85) Moderate (SS of 71 to 78) Severe (SS of 70 or lower) 							

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PHONOLOGY

					Phonological error patterns											
Picture card no.	Sound no.	Target word	Target sound	Error production	Syllable Reduction	Cluster Simplification	Initial Consonant Deletion	Final Consonant Deletion	Fronting	Deaffrication	Stopping	Gliding	Vowelization	Prevocalic Voicing	Postvocalic Devoicing	Other (write in)
1	1	<u>h</u> orse	h-													
2	2	<u>b</u> aby	b-													
3	3	bāthtu <u>b</u>	æ													
-	4		-b										C			
4	5	<u>p</u> ig	p-													
5	6	cu <u>p</u>	-р													
6	7	<u>n</u> ine	n-													
7	8	trai <u>n</u>	-n								X					
8	9	<u>m</u> onkey	m-													
	10		٨									_				
	11	<u>cōm</u> b	k-					•								
9	12		00					C								
	13		-m					5			<u>D</u>					
10	14	cā <u>k</u> e	eı							3						
	15 16		-k						5							
11	16	<u>w</u> ag o n	W-			\bigcirc		C	0							
11	17		g-													
	10	dōg	ə d-													
12	20	<u>uog</u>	с- С													
	21		-g			9										
	22	<u>t</u> able	t-	8												
13	23	rē <u>d</u>	3													
	24		-d													
14	25	ca <u>t</u>	-t	01												
	26	jumping	ф-	5												
15	27	∇	-ŋ													
	28	<u>sh</u> ōē	5-													
16	29	<u>s</u>	u													
477	30	fī <u>sh</u>	I													
17	31		-∫													
18	32	т <u>v</u>	V-													
19	33	fi <u>v</u> e	-V													
20	34	<u>l</u> adder	I-													
20	35		9.													
21	36	ba <u>ll</u>	-1													
Colum	in subto	otals for so	unds 1–36													

PHONOLOGY

					Phonological error patterns											
Picture card no.	Sound no.	Target word	Target sound	Error production	Syllable Reduction	Cluster Simplification	Initial Consonant Deletion	Final Consonant Deletion	Fronting	Deaffrication	Stopping	Gliding	Vowelization	Prevocalic Voicing	Postvocalic Devoicing	Other (write in)
22	37	air <u>pl</u> ane	pl- (I blend)													
	38	yellow	j-													
23	39	co <u>ld</u>	-ld (I blend)													
24	40	bird	3.										C			
	41	<u>f</u> ork	f-													
25	42		09.													
	43	knī <u>f</u> e	aı													
	44		-f								X					
26	45	car	۵۶۰													
27	46	ear	I9.													
28	47	ring	r-													
	48	<u>tr</u> ees	tr- (r blend)					C	Y							
29	49		i (long e)					5								
	50	<u>th</u> is	ð-							2,						
	51	<u>ch</u> air	tj-			- C	\bigcirc		G							
30	52		દુરુ						5							
	53	green	gr- (r blend)					\mathbf{O}								
31	54	wāt <u>ch</u>	α)								
	55		-ţſ		3											
32	56	<u>th</u> umb	θ-	XY		6										
33	57	mou <u>th</u> / tee <u>th</u>	-θ	20.0												
34	58	<u>z</u> ipper	Z-													
35	59	no <u>s</u> e	-Z	N												
36	60	<u>s</u> un	S-	0												
37	61	h ou<u>s</u>e	αυ													
57	62	0	-5													
38	63	<u>st</u> eps/ <u>st</u> airs	st- (s blend)													
39	64	ne <u>st</u>	-st (s blend)													
40	65	carro <u>ts</u>	-ts (s blend)													
41	66	b <u>ooks</u>	υ													
41	67		-ks (s blend)													
Colum	in subto	otals for so	unds 37–67													

PHONOLOGY

					Phonological error patterns											
Picture card no.	Sound no.	Target word	Target sound	Error production	Syllable Reduction	Cluster Simplification	Initial Consonant Deletion	Final Consonant Deletion	Fronting	Deaffrication	Stopping	Gliding	Vowelization	Prevocalic Voicing	Postvocalic Devoicing	Other (write in)
42	68	<u>ch</u> ee <u>s</u> e	ţſ-													
42	69		-Z													
43	70	giraffe	<i>ф</i> -													
43	71		r-													
44	72	72 <u>j</u> ar	<i>ф</i> -													
44	73		۵۶۰									K	2			
45	74	<u>br</u> idge	br- (r blend)													
45	75		-dz								6					
46	76	he <u>l</u> icopter	-													
40	77		9r													
47	78	um <u>br</u> e <u>ll</u> a	br- (r blend)													
47	79		-													
40	80	e <u>l</u> epha <u>nt</u>	-													
48	81		-nt													
										\mathcal{O}						
Colum	n subto	otals for so	unds 68–81			5			2							

DESCRIPTIONS OF PHONOLOGICAL ERROR PATTERNS									
Phonological error pattern	Description	Example							
Syllable Reduction	When a syllable is deleted from a word containing two or more syllables	$[\epsilon l i f i nt] \rightarrow [\epsilon l f i nt]$							
Cluster Simplification	When a consonant cluster is simplified by deleting one or more of the consonants, including deleting the cluster entirely	$[triz] \rightarrow [tiz]$							
Initial Consonant Deletion	When the initial consonant target sound is deleted	[pɪg] → [ɪg]							
Final Consonant Deletion	When the final consonant target sound is deleted	[koʊm] → [koʊ]							
Fronting	When a velar (e.g., $[k]$, $[g]$) or palatal (e.g., $[t]$, $[f]$, $[d]$) sound is replaced with a sound that has an alveolar place of articulation (i.e., a sound produced in the front of the mouth, such as $[t]$, $[d]$, $[s]$, $[z]$, $[n]$); also includes when $[s]$ or $[z]$ is replaced with $[\theta]$	$[fI] \rightarrow [fIS]$							
Deaffrication	When an affricate (e.g., [ʧ], [ʤ]) is replaced with a fricative (e.g., [ʃ], [ʒ]) produced at a similar place of articulation	[ʧɛ관] → [ʃɛ관]							
Stopping	When a fricative (e.g., [f], [v], [s], [z], [θ], [ʃ], [3]) or affricate (e.g., [\mathfrak{y}], [\mathfrak{d}]) is replaced with a stop consonant (e.g., [p], [b], [t], [d], [k], [g]) produced at a similar place of articulation	[naɪf] → [naɪp]							
Gliding	When a liquid ([I] or [r]) is replaced by a glide ([w] or [j]); also includes when a glide [j] is replaced by a glide $[w]$	[rɪŋ] → [wɪŋ]							
Vowelization	When a vocalic liquid ([I], [3-], or [3-]) is replaced with a vowel	$[bcd] \rightarrow [bcd]$							
Prevocalic Voicing	When an initial voiceless consonant is replaced with a voiced consonant	[pɪg] → [bɪg]							
Postvocalic Devoicing	When a final voiced consonant is replaced with a voiceless consonant	$[d 2g] \rightarrow [d 2k]$							

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